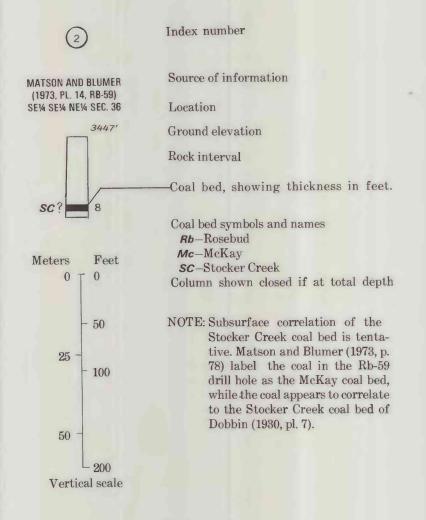
## COMPOSITE COLUMNAR SECTION

SERIES SERIES FORMATION	COAL BED NAME	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	
N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	Creek	1. Sandstone, light gray to buff, with thin gray shale beds scattered throughout 2. Shale, light gray, sandy 3. Coal, black, locally burned 4. Shale, gray, locally carbonaceous 5. Sandstone, light gray to buff, massive 4. Coal, black, locally burned 7. Sandstone, light gray to buff; shaly in part 8. Coal, black, boney in part with occasional shale partings 9. Shale, gray to dark gray, sandy 10. Sandstone, light gray, massive 8. 11. Shale, gray 12. Coal 13. Shale, gray 14. Sandstone, light gray to buff, silty 15. Coal, black 10. Sandstone, light gray to buff 11. Sandstone, light gray to buff 11. Sandstone, light gray to buff	Meters Feet 0 — 0  - 50  25 — 100  Vertical scale

## EXPLANATION



## REFERENCES

Dobbin, C. E., 1930, The Forsyth coal field, Rosebud, Treasure, and Big Horn Counties, Montana: U.S. Geol Survey Bull. 812-A, p. 1-55.

Matson, R. E., and Blumer, J. W., 1973, Quality and reserves of strippable coal, selected deposits, southern Montana:

Montana Bur. Mines and Geology Bull. 91, 135 p.

## CORRELATION OF COAL BEDS IN DRILL HOLES, AND MEASURED SECTIONS

